## CRUISE REPORT

VESSEL: Oscar Elton Sette, Cruise 03-08 (OES-09)

CRUISE

PERIOD: October 1-23, 2003 for a total of 23 sea days

AREA OF

OPERATION: Northwestern Hawaiian Islands (Fig. 1)

TYPE OF

OPERATION: The NOAA ship Oscar Elton Sette will be engaged as

support for the Pacific Island Fisheries Science Center (PIFSC), National Marine Fisheries Service NMFS), NOAA. Operations were focused on obtaining specimens and recovering archival gear (Table 1).

## ITINERARY:

October 1 Departed Guam and transited to French Frigate

Shoals (FFS).

October 13 Arrived FFS. Embarked Ray Boland, Frank Parrish,

Brian Greene, Doug Kesling, Dave Pence, Robert

Dollar, and Gerard Jardin.

October 12-18 Conducted diving and trawling operations at FFS

and Brooks Banks.

October 19 Made dives at Necker Bank.

October 20 Conducted fishing operations at WestPac Bank.

October 21 Diving operations conducted at Nihoa.

October 22 Diving operations conducted at Niihau.

October 23 Arrived Snug Harbor. All disembarked. End of

cruise.

## MISSIONS AND RESULTS:

- A. Fatty acid collections. To the degree feasible, the last of the shallow reef and slope specimens were collected for the fatty acid reference library. Methods of collection included trawling of the deep slope sand fields for sand fauna and divers using pole spears in the shallow reefs.
  - 1. Three of the trawls were focused on the north terrace of FFS and one was conducted on the flanks of Nihoa. The gear used was a bottom shrimp trawl with a 12-ft mouth. Depths sampled were between 80 and 120 m. A time-depth recorder placed on the net indicates the net descends and rises at 2.8 meters/minute using the aft capstan to haul the trawls. All fish caught were measured and weighed for ECOPATH biomass estimates (Table 2).
  - 2. Divers using spears finished the collection of the sand wrasses known from CRITTERCAM video to be a seal prey item. Of all the species collected these are considered the most difficult because they swim in water and under the sand.
- B. Recovery of archival monitors
  - 1. At FFS, Brooks, and Necker thermographs (N=5) deployed in the prior year were changed out. The recorders were situated between 40 and 80 meters deep.
  - 2. At FFS and Brooks Bank seal foraging sensors (N=18) deployed in known foraging corridors were recovered from 80 m using mixed gas divers.

## SCIENTIFIC PERSONNEL:

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Attachments

